

**PART – II****LATIN****FIRST YEAR - MARCH 2019**

Maximum : 80 Scores

**ANSWER KEY****PART A**

Responde omnibus (12 × 1 = 12)

Explica (**duo**) significationem in lingua Anglica.

1. By the fact itself
2. In good faith
3. Concerning the law
4. Index, a list, a sign

Responde **unum** Latine.

5. Opera citato
6. videlicet

Expande **unum**.

7. Curriculum vitae
8. Exempli gratia

Converte **unum** in numerum Romanum.

9. LV
10. LXX

Redde **duo** Anglice.

11. The inhabitants love the fatherland.
12. The farmer's daughter calls.
13. The farmers and sailors work well.

Delige verbum aptum

14. Insulas
15. discipulorum
16. reginae

Comple

| Nominativus | Genitivus |
|-------------|-----------|
| 17. civis   | civis     |
| 18. deus    | dei       |

## PART - B

Responde omnibus

Scribe partes principales trium verborum: (3 × 1 = 3)

- 19. Surgere : surgo, surgis, surrexi, surrectum
- 20. Vivere : vivo, vivis, vixi, victum
- 21. Parare : paro, paras, paravi, paratum
- 22. Sentire: sentio, sentis, sensi, sensum.
- 23. Intrare : intro, intras, intravi, intratum

Comple dicta: (3 × 1 = 3)

- 24. Alter
- 25. Vidi.
- 26. Aurum

A quo verbo Latino derivantur verba insequentia?

Responde **tribus** (3 × 1 = 3)

- 27. Aqua
- 28. Demonstrare
- 29. Donum
- 30. Rex, regis
- 31. Tempus

Converte numerum (eg. Datum – Data) (3 × 1 = 3)

- 32. Arbores
- 33. Pes
- 34. Lintea

Indica casum, numerum et genus (3 × 1 = 3)

|     | Verbum      | Casus           | Numerus    | Genus     |
|-----|-------------|-----------------|------------|-----------|
| 35. | domine      | vocativus       | Singularis | masculus  |
| 36. | partibus    | Dative/ablative | Pluralis   | Femininus |
| 37. | Humilitatem | Accusativus     | singularis | Femininus |

38. Scribe quinque phrases de 'SCHOLA'

(1 × 5 = 5)

Redde Latine

(4 × 1 = 4)

- 39. Bacchus vero fuit laetus.
- 40. Aurum edere nolebat.
- 41. Puella pulchra est.
- 42. Agricola lupum necabit.

Lege et Responde Anglice

43. Ante diem autem....

(4 × 1 = 4)

- i. Judas.
- ii. Yes. Jesus was aware of Judas' plan
- iii. His death was near.
- iv. He washed the feet of his disciples.

44. Scribe verba Anglica derivata ex verbis Latinis

(4 × 1 = 4)

- i. Part
- ii. Sign
- iii. People
- iv. Domestic, domicile

45. Scribe titulum aptum lectionis

(4 × 1 = 4)

- i. Romulus et Remus
- ii. Midas et Aurum
- iii. Lotio pedum
- iv. Modo Video

46. Comple tabulam forma propria

(5 × 1 = 5)

|      | Present | Imperfect | Future   |
|------|---------|-----------|----------|
| i.   | laboro  | laborabam | laborabo |
| ii.  | Doceo   | docebam   | docebo   |
| iii. | vocat   | vocabat   | vocabit  |
| iv.  | curro   | currebam  | curram   |
| v.   | vivit   | vivebat   | vivet    |

47. Indica verum

(5 × 1 = 5)

- i. pulcherrima
- ii. Bacchus
- iii. Sardinia
- iv. Puella
- v. Poeta bonus

48. Agricola reginam laudat

(1 × 2 = 2)

PART – C

Redde Anglice

(1×10 = 10)

49. Captured Bacchus was freed by Midas. Bacchus gave him a gift. Many things were turned into gold if he touched them. He preferred to have gold rather than wisdom. He wished to eat but food and water were turned gold. He was afraid. He asked for help. God gave him help. He asked him to put his body and head in water under the river. Midas did so and was freed.

50. Scribe Anglice brevem dissertationem de uno proposito

(1×10 = 10)

- i.      Lingua latina
- ii.     Magnificat